SUPERHEROES: What makes a Superhero?



Mission:

- •Write a definition of what a Superhero is.
- •Find the common points between all Superheroes
- Learn about <u>Supernames</u>.
- •Find 4 characteristics that make a Superhero by comparing a hero and a Superhero.





SUPERHEROES: What makes a Superhero?

Introduction :

A Superhero is a <u>generic term</u> for **both** a male or female <u>fictional character</u> (Female Superheroes are also called Superheroines).

These imaginary protagonists are **mainly** represented in <u>comics</u> (American comicstrips) and in their movie adaptations (<u>usually</u> <u>Blockbusters</u>). Most comic Superheroes come from two American enterprises: <u>DC Comics</u> (DC is **short for** Detective Comics) and <u>Marvel Comics</u>.

A Superhero is always a costumed masked <u>crime fighter</u>, a <u>champion of Justice</u> with <u>a strong moral code</u>, with a supporting team of friends and sidekicks and a number of enemies (Supervillains.)

Characteristics : For a hero to be a Superhero, he needs to possess <u>at least 3 of these 5 characteristics</u>

- A <u>Supernatural physical force</u>: extraordinary <u>superhuman</u> powers. However, some **like** Batman or Catwoman are considered as Superheroes <u>although</u> they don't have any supernatural powers.
- Specific gear, mask and weapons in order to perform extraordinary actions and fight Supervillains (the baddies). That's why Tony Stark/ Iron Man can be considered a Superhero event if he doesn't have any real superhuman powers, but only an expensive high technological armour with powers to compete with Superheroes.
- A double identity: Superheroes share a real-life identity (often quiet, classical) and a secret identity when transformed into Superheroes. Nevertheless we can find exceptions, for example, The Fantastic FOUR whose private and public identities are the same.
- A recognizable costume with an emblem: Superheroes wear colourful bodytight outfits that show their muscles. They got their inspirations in legendary characters such as Robin Hood or Zorro, the Masked Avenger, in mythological gods or demi-gods as Thor or Achilles or real life artistic people for instance circus performers.
- A traumatic childhood: Superheroes' births or childhoods usually follow a tragic accidental back story (parents killed, exposition to Supernatural forces and so on..) Morevover, that explains the circumstances by which the character acquires his or her abilities as well as his or her motivation for becoming a superhero.

SUPERNAMES: Figures of speech

Some principles for good Supernames:

➤ <u>Alliterations</u>: the <u>repetition</u> of the same letter or the same sound at the beginning of the first name and of the family name.

For example: Peter Parker, Otto Octopus, Jack Jack,

Clark Kent, Wonder Woman, Lois Lane, or Villains:

Lex Luthor, Green Goblin.

2 syllable firstname + 1 syllable surname or vice versa

 \rightarrow 3 syllables in all.

Alan Scott (original Green Lantern), Carter Hall (Hawkman),

Matt Murdoch (Daredevil, also alliterative)

> Ending in <u>-man or -woman, -boy or -girl</u>

Superman, Catwoman, Elastigirl, Hellboy

>Composed of an adjective + Noun

The Green Lantern, The Blond Phantom, The Incredible Hulk,

The Dark Knight, The Human Torch